Vocabulary

Study the vocabulary words and definitions below.

adobe	building material or brick made of sun-dried earth and straw
agrarian economy	economic system based on making money by growing crops
banish	to formally and legally remove from a place and not allow to return
breadbasket	refers to a region that can produce a lot of food and provide it to others
cash crop	a crop grown by a farmer for sale, not personal use
chattel	possession or property
commercial economy	economic system based on making money by buying and selling things
conquistadors	Spanish military leaders who conquered the Native Americans of Central and South America
consent of the governed	people agreeing to be governed, making decisions in government, and selecting their own leaders
democratic	type of government or rule where the power comes from the people

French and Indian War war between England and France from 1754 to 1763 for control of North America that eliminated France as a rival in North America; known in Europe as Seven Years' War

indentured servants people who agreed to work for employers for a certain period of time, often in return for travel expenses, shelter, and food

Jamestown first surviving British colony established in 1607 by the Virginia Company in what today is Virginia

joint-stock company a business in which individuals invest their money for a common purpose

land bridge frozen water and land which connected the continents of Asia and North America

Mayflower Compact written agreement signed aboard the Mayflower by the Pilgrims of the colony of Plymouth to be ruled by a democratic government and recognizing the king of England as their monarch

Northwest Passage inland water route from the east coast of North America to the Pacific, and thus to the Orient

persecute to treat someone or a group in a cruel and unjust way

Pilgrims	a group of religious reformers who fled
0	England to seek religious freedom;
	established first permanent colony in
	New England at Plymouth in what is
	now Massachusetts

Pocahontas

(poh-kuh-HÓNN-tuss)	daughter of chief Powhatan; married
_	Virginia colonist John Rolfe

Powhatan (pow-uh-TÁN) chief of the Powhatan tribe	and head of
the Powhatan confederacy of	of tribes; a
group of Native Americans	that lived in
eastern Virginia at the time	of the first
English settlements in that a	area

pre-Columbian era	the time period in North America before
	the discovery of the New World by
	Columbus

Puritans	members of a Protestant group who
	wanted to eliminate all traces of Roman
	Catholic rituals and traditions in the
	Church of England; many later settled
	in the colonies to avoid persecution in
	England

Roanoke Island	an island off the northeast coast of
	North Carolina; site of the English
	settlement founded in 1587 by Sir
	Walter Raleigh that disappeared
	without a trace

salutary neglect	period when English regulations were
	relaxed in return for the colonies'
	continued economic support

starving time period early in a colony's existence when many people died because they lacked food and protection

tariff tax or duty that a government charges on imports or goods coming into a country

vice-admiralty courts military courts created by the English
Parliament to try colonists without a
jury of their peers, violated the
colonists' rights as Englishmen

Who's Who in America from **Exploration through Colonization**

Christopher Columbus Juan Ponce de Léon

Franciso Vásquez de Coronado Chief Powhatan

Hernán Cortés Walter Raleigh

Hernando de Soto John Rolfe

Leif Ericson John Smith

Anne Hutchinson Squanto

King James I Roger Williams

Pocahontas